

NOTORIOUS BALL TO BE HELD AS USUAL

ATTEMPT TO PREVENT CHICA-
GO'S ANNUAL ORGY
FAILS

\$1,000 SPIES ENEMY'S GUNS

Owners of Coliseum Refuse to Revoke
License on Plea They Would be Li-
able for Damages—Event Helps
White Slave Traffic—A New Ver-
sion of Cause of Windy City's Great
Fire—Other News of the Metropolis.

Chicago, Dec. 8.—Spiking of all the guns aimed at the infamous First Ward ball, which puts \$50,000 annually into the political coffers of "Hinky Dink" Kenna and "Bathhouse John" Coughlin, was accomplished for the matter \$1,000 rental which owners of the Coliseum refused to relinquish, pleading that they should not be asked "to judge of the morals of their fellow men." After the corporation counsel and the chief of police had supplied ammunition for the guns of the reformers and the prevention of the orgy seemed likely, the law and order element suddenly confronted Charles F. Gunther, capitalist, and Stewart Spalding, society man, the president and manager respectively of the big auditorium. When informed that it was up to him to prevent the ball, Mr. Spalding is reported to have blandly smiled and remarked: "Let us not judge our fellow men. Persons come to us and pay their money in good faith for the use of our property and it is not for us to say in advance that this affair is not right. We have said we could not stand for such a crowd as they had last year, but we can't revoke their license now or they would sue us for damages." President Gunther promptly shirked responsibility upon Mayor Busse, but then Mayor Busse had ducked in favor of Chief of Police Steward. Protests have been made for a month to city officials against permitting this ball, which has been a harvest time for procurers of girls for the white slave traffic and an event which has disgraced Chicago.

War On White Slavery.

Woman's interest in protecting womanhood against the white slave traffic proves to be increasing. Judging by letters received by the Woman's World Committee on legislation in Chicago, and now the women of Michigan are enlisted in the cause as already they have been in Ohio and several other states. One such letter from a woman in Ann Arbor follows: "Last March I read the article on white slavery and a few days ago I found the booklet, 'Smashing the White Slave Trade,' which aroused all my ambition to help in this fight. It is a cause to call forth extra sessions of legislatures. It is enough to resurrect Lincoln, if we have no man in this day who will become the emancipator of the white slave. I shall never be satisfied if I do not do something to help; never in history was there a greater call for a strong systematic war of extermination on an evil close to the home. I am ready to give all my time working in this cause, will go from door to door, or from church to church to talk and collect money to build homes for the white slaves after they shall be liberated."

O'Leary's Cow.

The feud over the O'Leary cow and whether she did, as believed these many years, "kick Chicago over" by starting the great fire by a kick, has made this historical idol totter. Old Mrs. O'Leary's son, no other than "Big Jim" O'Leary of gambling fame at the Stock Yards, declares at this late date that he has been forced to unseal his lips, arise to the defense of his parents, their live stock, and the honor of the O'Leary's past, present and future in order to denounce the new version of the fire's cause. O'Leary claims spontaneous combustion of green hay. But Rev. J. D. Leek has sprung a new one, based, he says, on the words of Andrew Bird, an 82-year-old inmate of the Methodist Old People's Home and formerly a teacher in the Maxwell Street Sunday School. "Sam and Christopher O'Neill were boys in my Sunday school class," Mr. Bird has said. "They came to me in great fear and said they had taken a bottle of whisky and a lamp into the O'Leary's barn."

S.S.S. DRIVES OUT RHEUMATISM

When the blood becomes overcharged with uric acid it continually grows weaker, more acid, and poorer in nourishing qualities. The nerves, muscles and joints, instead of receiving their necessary nutriment from the circulation are gradually filled with the sharp uric acid impurity with which the circulation is loaded, and the pains and aches of Rheumatism are the natural result. No amount of rubbing, or the application of external medicines can have any direct and curative effect on the blood; the most to be expected from such treatment is temporary relief from the pains and aches. There is but one way to cure Rheumatism, and that is to cleanse the blood of the uric acid impurity. S.S.S. is the proper treatment, because it goes down and attacks the disease at its head, and by filtering out every particle of the uric matter and strengthening and enriching the blood, cures Rheumatism in every form. S.S.S. changes the sour, acid-burdened blood to a rich, healthy stream, which quiets the pain-racked nerves, muscles and joints, cools the feverish flesh, gently removes the cause and drives Rheumatism from the system. S.S.S. reaches inherited cases as well as those which have been acquired, and good results are always experienced from its use. Special book on Rheumatism containing many valuable suggestions for rheumatic sufferers and any medical advice free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

GAS, INDIGESTION AND HEARTBURN GO

The question as to how long you are going to continue a sufferer from indigestion, dyspepsia or out-of-order stomach is merely a matter of how soon you begin taking some Diapepsin.

If your stomach is lacking in digestive power, why not help the stomach to do its work, not with drastic drugs, but a re-enforcement of digestive agents, such as are naturally at work in the stomach.

People with weak stomachs should take a little Diapepsin occasionally, and there will be no more indigestion, no feeling like a lump of lead in the stomach, no heartburn, sour risings, gas on stomach or belching of undigested food, headaches, dizziness or sick stomach, and besides, what you eat will not ferment and poison your breath with nauseous odors. All these symptoms resulting from a sour, out-of-order stomach and dyspepsia are generally relieved five minutes after taking a little Diapepsin.

Go to your druggist and get a 50-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin now, and you will always go to the table with a hearty appetite, and what you eat will taste good, because your stomach and intestines will be clean and fresh, and you will know there are not going to be any more bad nights and miserable days for you. They freshen you and make you feel like life is worth living.

and were going to milk one of the cows so as to get milk to make whiskey punch. The cow got frightened at their rough handling and kicked over the lamp. I never told this before because I was afraid it might hurt the boys. To all of this Mr. O'Leary brings the countercharge that "the cow yarn" is the most monumental fake of the past century. He says: "Nobody was in the barn that night at all. The 'Old Man' had laid in a stock of 'green hay' a few days before and it was spontaneous combustion, that's all." Between the two disputants stands the Chicago Historical society which merely raises its eyebrows with a request to "show me," while the prohibitionists claim they have here still another "duly qualified blow against the whiskey trust."

Postal Savings Bank Bill Will Be Leading Issue in Congress.

The increasing heat of controversy concerning the postal savings bank bill which will be a leading issue during this session of congress has developed a sharp tilt in Chicago between the Record-Herald and a correspondent who signs himself merely "A City Banker," in which the lack of exact knowledge by bankers of the terms of the Carter bill as now amended has been strikingly displayed. "No state of prosperity can be secured unless the banking institutions are on a safer basis," the banker declared. And he raised a number of specific objections and opposed the postal savings bank in principle. The Record-Herald, which with most of the leading papers of the country not under banking influence and some which are, has been a stalwart champion of postal savings banks for years, retorted: "Could a postal savings bank be well managed in this country? It is true, as 'A City Banker' says, that foreign governments invest the deposits largely in their own bonds, and that we do not have federal bonds available for that purpose. But we have other available investments, and what is more, certain of our state governments have already shown that they can select such investments with admirable wisdom. Massachusetts leads the way in this respect by providing standards to which the savings banks of the state must conform. Those standards are known all over the country and are often referred to when prime investments are sought. If the government can help the banks to safety, could it not equally well use the same safe standards for its own investments of postal bank deposits. Could it not manage its own investments as well as it compels private or mutual banks to manage theirs? Surely the answer is yes?"

The Law a Good One.

The scope of the Erdman act, invoked by the railway managers and the switchmen prior to the strike or der of the union, was developed in

Chicago when the street car employees threatened to tie up the traction lines a year ago. There was no authority in the United States commissioner of labor or any other federal officials to do so under the act, which covers common carriers entering more than one state, but he offered his aid. Only one other time since the act was passed at the request of labor organizations in June, 1908, has it been invoked, that being when the big strike on the Southern railway looked formidable and President Roosevelt acted. The act was endorsed and urged by the Brotherhood of Railway Conductors, Engineers, Firemen and Telegraphers. The act provides that upon request, the chairman of the interstate commerce commission and the United States commissioner of labor, shall, upon request, offer their services as mediators in the case of threatened strike and if unsuccessful may seek to have the matter arbitrated. The act recites: "The award being filed in the clerk's office of a circuit court of the United States, it shall go into practical operation, and judgment shall be entered thereon accordingly at the expiration of ten days from such filing." At the expiration of ten days from the decision of the circuit court upon exceptions taken to said award, as aforesaid, judgment shall be entered in accordance with such decision, unless during said ten days either party shall appeal therefrom to the circuit court of appeals.

A New Grain For Feeding Purposes

A new grain for feeding purposes and an improved alfalfa that will add two hundred million dollars to Uncle Sam's crop value will be submitted at the meeting of the American Breeders' association in Omaha next week and later to the American Association for the Advancement of Science, in Boston, by Prof. B. C. Buffum, for fifteen years head of the agricultural department of the University of Wyoming who left Chicago to exhibit the finished results of a series of experiments in grasses and grains secured at the experiment farm under his supervision at Worland, Wyo. The feeding grain is a new variety of emmer, a hybrid wheat, which is superior to corn in bone nourishment and flesh-producing power and yields from 80 to 150 bushels per acre, or about double the best Russian speltz. It is a beardless wheat of large size and fixed hull, especially fitted to production in the arid, semi-arid or irrigated country west of the 100th meridian, including all the elevated plateau of the Rocky mountains and the valleys of the mountain ranges. This region, from the Gulf of Mexico to the Canadian boundary, has an average elevation too great for the maturing of corn. Stock raising of all kinds is still the dominant interest throughout the whole of it, and the discovery of this new feed-grain promises to relieve the stockmen from the cost and trouble of importing corn from the middle western states for use in fattening or finishing their animals for market. This will mean an almost incalculable economy in all branches of animal husbandry, and a corresponding increase in profits. As supplementing it, Professor Buffum has succeeded in producing a new variety of alfalfa, possessing the quality of the best known alfalfas as a balanced ration, but having an increased rapidity and weight of growth that will give a yield of one to two and a half tons an acre. This new alfalfa has reached a height of nine feet in a single season, and will easily enable four cuttings a year, instead of the present practice of three. Alfalfa has a minimum ton value of around five dollars, and there are millions of acres of it in the part of the west described, so that the addition of only one ton per acre, if this new variety were exclusively grown, would mean five times as many millions of dollars as there are acres, earned by the farmers every year.

PAYS A DEBT AFTER

TWENTY-FOUR YEARS

Raton, N. M., Dec. 8.—One of the most unusual cases ever heard of came to light here yesterday when G. E. Lyons received a check for \$230 in payment of an old debt. In speaking of the check, Mr. Lyons said that about twenty-four years ago an old schoolmate and friend while here, borrowed \$50 with which to get to Chicago, where he said he was sure of finding employment, and therefore would be able to return the money in a short time. Mr. Lyons loaned him the money and in about two or three months received a letter from his friend, in Chicago, asking him for \$50 more. This amount Mr. Lyons had to borrow, but sent it as soon as he could, as he liked his friend and trusted him. After not hearing from him for about five years, Mr. Lyons gave up all hopes of ever getting the hundred dollars back and gave it up for good, until he received the check for \$230 from his old friend, from whom he had not heard for so long a time. The amount sent included the \$100 and interest for twenty-four years. Mr. Lyons evidently thinks his friend is a pretty good bank, and would, perhaps, if it was needed, send the Chicago friend another hundred dollars.

"Hands up!" hissed the burglar bold in the cheap hotel. "I've got you covered."

"Thank goodness," gasped the shivering guest. "That's more than this four-foot blanket will do."—Chicago News.

Facts From Ford



\$950.00 F. O. B. Detroit

Regarding Weight

Light as the Ford car is, 1200 lbs., it is no lighter in proportion than a passenger engine of the accepted highest type. The 5,000 H. P. Pacific type locomotive used on the Pennsylvania Lines West weighs 53.8 lbs. per horse power. The Model "T" weighs 53.3 lbs. per horse power. Each is designed by an engineering expert for passenger service. On the other hand, the average freight engine, as well as a large proportion of automobiles, weighs from 85 to 110 lbs. per horse power. Note the difference? In the above the Ford h. p. is figured from the generally accepted formula— $D^2 \times N$

The horsepower of the Model "T" tho rated as "twenty" is greater than the average "thirty" and equal to some of the "forty" cars.

Regarding Upkeep Cost

There are some items which in connection with the Ford light, low-priced car are small in comparison with similar items for high priced, heavier cars. Repair bills are smaller; fuel bills are lighter; tire cost are less. A Model "T" costs less to maintain per month than a horse and buggy. A gallon of gasoline is enough for 22 to 25 miles; a set of tires lasts 8,000 to 10,000 miles or more, and repair parts are low priced and easily installed.

Regarding Quality

Quality, not quantity, makes strength. Light weight is expensive, not cheap to build. Commodore Vanderbilt, that giant of railroad development, once offered a carriage builder \$1,000 for each pound by which he was able to reduce the weight of a buggy. It is a mistake to consider low price as a result of light weight or that light weight is a result of low price. Low price—results from know-how, from specialization, from quantity buying and producing and from system in production and selling. Light weight is the result of Mr. Ford's conviction that quality and design, not quantity and cast iron, are essentials of strength.

Regarding Specifications

A Vanadium steel, four cylinder, twenty horsepower, 1200 lb. car; Ford magneto built in as a part of engine, no brushes, contact points, moving wires or batteries; thermo-siphon system of cooling; new design planetary transmission, silent, easy and long lived; combination splash and gravity oiling system without oilers, lubricators or piping; three point suspension, unit construction throughout and only three units to entire chassis; and interchangeable bodies. These and other up-to-date Ford features described in catalog.

Regarding Price

In view of the above advantages, it might be expected that the Ford price would be correspondingly high. The reverse is true. The price is the lowest. The price of the completely equipped car is several hundred dollars lower than that of any other car of nearly equal value, tho the other car may be listed with equipment extra. A Model "T" buyer has no extras to buy. In addition to the magneto which is a built-in part of the engine, the touring car, tourabout and roadster prices include an extension top, an automatic brass windshield, a speedometer, two 16-inch gas lamps, a generator, 3 oil lamps and a horn. This equipment is usually listed separately and calls for an expenditure of from \$150.00 to \$300.00 more. How does Ford do it? We have not room to enumerate all the means employed, but any car now selling for several hundred dollars more could, if built by Ford in the Ford factory by Ford methods and in Ford quantities, be sold at the Ford price if the maker would be satisfied with the Ford profit per car.

Sweezy & Glasgow,

General Agents for San Miguel, Mora, Colfax Counties.
D. T. HOSKINS, Local Agent
Colfax, New Mexico

SALE OF RED CROSS STAMPS GOOD IN CITY

Despite the fact that it is several days before the big rush of holiday packages and letters will begin going through the mails, the sale of the Red Cross society's Christmas stamps at the Murphy and Red Cross Drug stores has been good.

Every day increasing numbers of the little messengers of good cheer to the receivers of Christmas gifts are sold. The stamps are becoming more popular every year and the proceeds of their sale are doing a great work toward the stamping out of tuberculosis.

The Las Vegas hospital is handling the stamps here and will receive a liberal per cent of the proceeds.

Sluggish Blood

causes nine-tenths of all sickness. Indigestion followed by headache, general listlessness, despondency, enfeebled action of the mind and body, cold, clammy feet and hands and paleness are sure signs of poor circulation. If not taken in time, serious trouble will follow. That tired feeling comes from sluggish blood.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

The World's Greatest Medicine will brighten you. A teaspoonful 3 or 4 times a day in half a glass of milk or water will make you strong and healthy. It enriches the blood, strengthens the circulation and tones up the whole system. It is an absolutely pure distillation of malted grain, producing a liquid food, requiring no digestion, which is one of the most effective tonic stimulants and invigorators known to science; its palatability and freedom from injurious substances render it so that it can be retained by the most sensitive stomach.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is sold in sealed bottles only. All druggists and grocers, or direct, \$1.00 a bottle. Medical booklet sent free to anyone who writes.

Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N.Y.

The Sewing Light The Rayo Lamp



makes the long evening brilliant with its steady white light for sewing or reading. Made of brass, nickel plated and equipped with the latest improved central draft burner.

The Rayo is a low-priced lamp, but you cannot get a better lamp at any price.

Once a Rayo user, always one
Every Dealer Everywhere. If Not At Yours, Write for Descriptive Circular to the Home Office of the
CONTINENTAL OIL COMPANY
(Incorporated)

FOR THE AMBITIOUS WOMAN.

A great man said, "Be not the first to try a new thing nor the last to forsake an old."

But note,—in this life the time always comes to throw over the old the new. Time itself is change. You must change with time or fall behind the procession.

Don't let prejudice keep you from the benefits your neighbors enjoy— from modern improvements in all lines.

Baking Powders have improved along with everything else. But you'll never know it till you try K C Baking Powder. Guaranteed the Best at Any Price,—the acme of perfection, the splendid result of modern scientific research.

If you don't agree that K C Baking Powder makes your baking lighter, sweeter, more delicious than any other, your grocer refunds your money. The manufacturers guarantee that your baking will always be perfectly raised, sweet and palatable, pure and wholesome.

And K C costs you less,—no "Trust" prices, but a fair price for a perfect Baking Powder. You'll marvel at the saving and ask how it can be done. Answer,—"Not in the 'Trust'."

The rooster does the crowing because the hen lays the egg.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

(Not Coal Land)
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M., November 23, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Lena Jones, of Watrous, N. M., who, on March 24, 1908, made Homestead Entry No. 13756, for the SW 1-4 Sec. 3, Twp. 16 North, Range 21 East, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Robt. L. M. Ross, U. S. Court Commissioner, at Las Vegas, N. M., on the 10th day of January, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses: William Smith, Matt Gerk, Ramon Trujillo, of Watrous, N. M., and Cody W. Summerlin, of East Las Vegas, N. M.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

There are some men who take their pleasures for business reasons. For Eczema, Tetter and Salt Rheum The intense itching characteristic of these ailments is almost instantly allayed by Chamberlain's Salve. Many severe cases have been cured by it. For sale by all dealers.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY PILLS

for backache, rheumatism, kidney or bladder trouble, and urinary irregularities. Foley's Kidney Pills purify the blood, restore lost vitality and vigor. Refuse substitutes. FOR SALE BY O. G. SCHAEFER AND RED CROSS DRUG COMPANY.